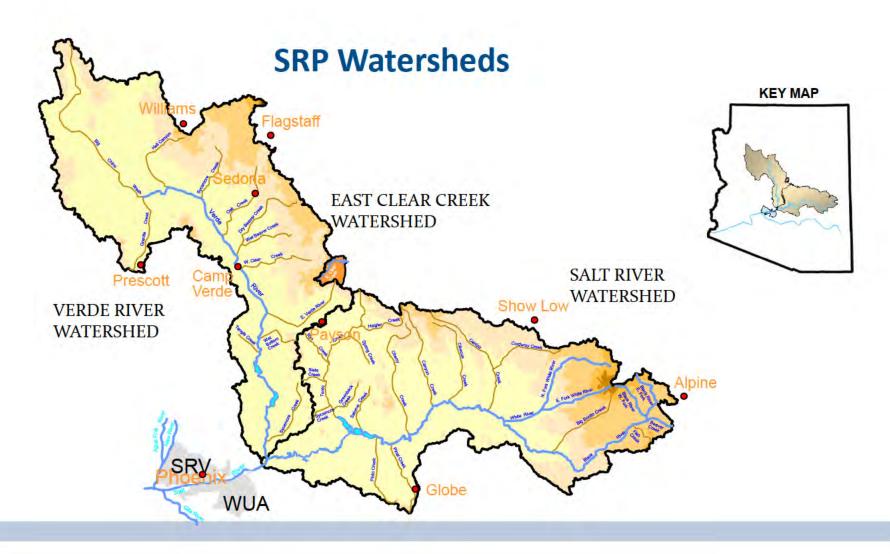




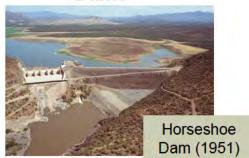
Bruce Hallin Director Water Supply February 24, 2021





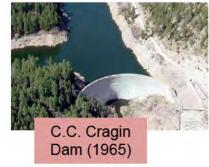
SRP Reservoir Systems

Verde River Dams





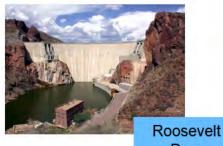
East Clear Creek Dam





Horse Mesa Dam (1927)

Salt River Dams



Dam (1911, 1996)



Stewart Mt Dam (1930, 1992)

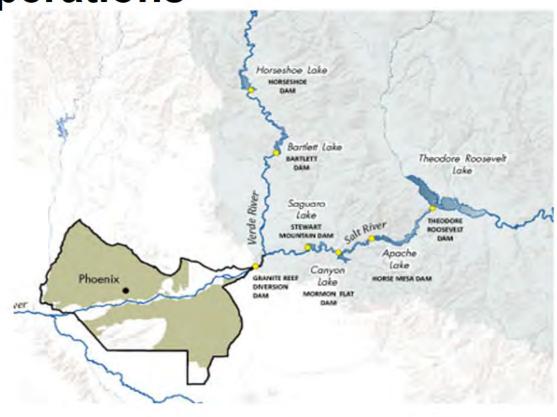


Dam (1925)



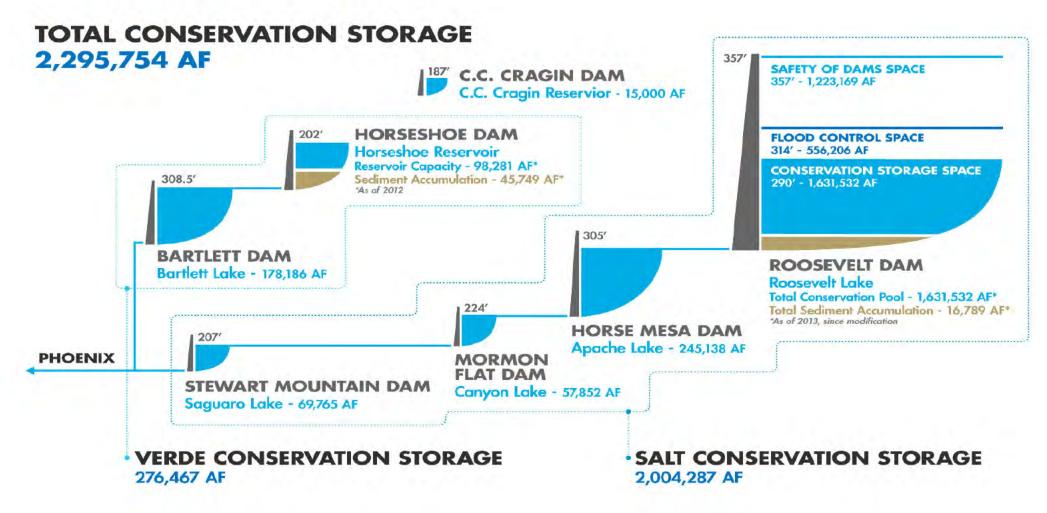
Reservoir System Operations

- Winter (October May)
 - Deliveries from Verde (Bartlett Dam)
- Summer (May October)
 - Deliveries from Salt (Stewart Mountain)

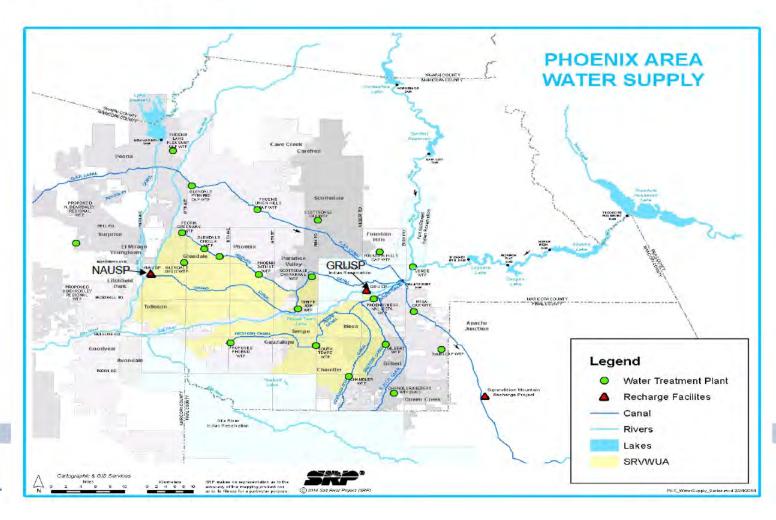




SRP Reservoir System

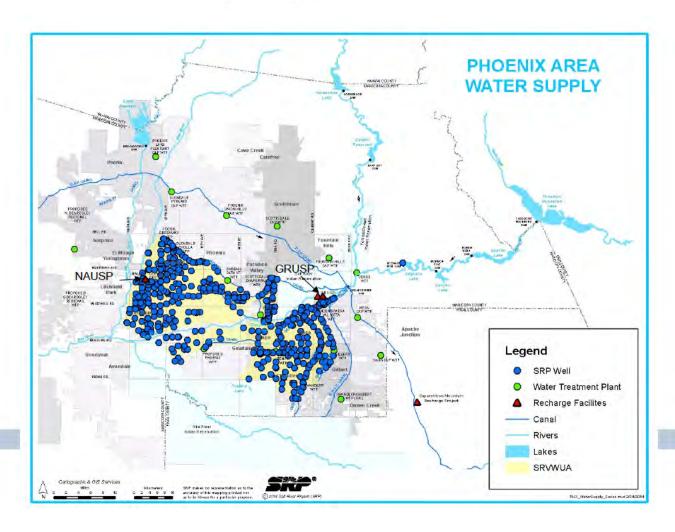


Water Delivery System

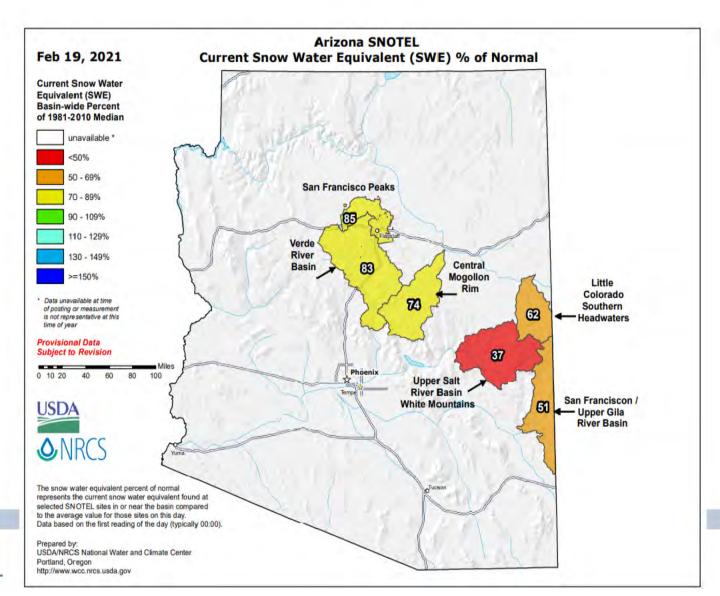




SRP Water Delivery System



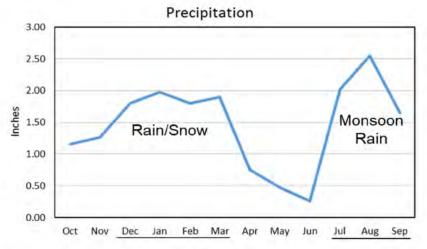


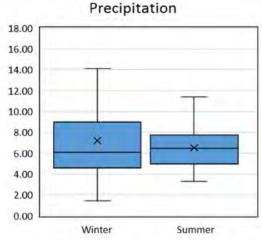


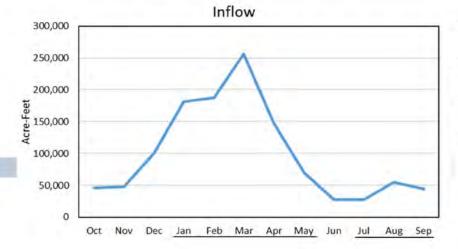


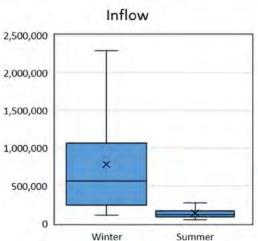
Salt-Verde Precipitation and Streamflow

Winter/early
Spring rain and
snowmelt
generate most of
the flow





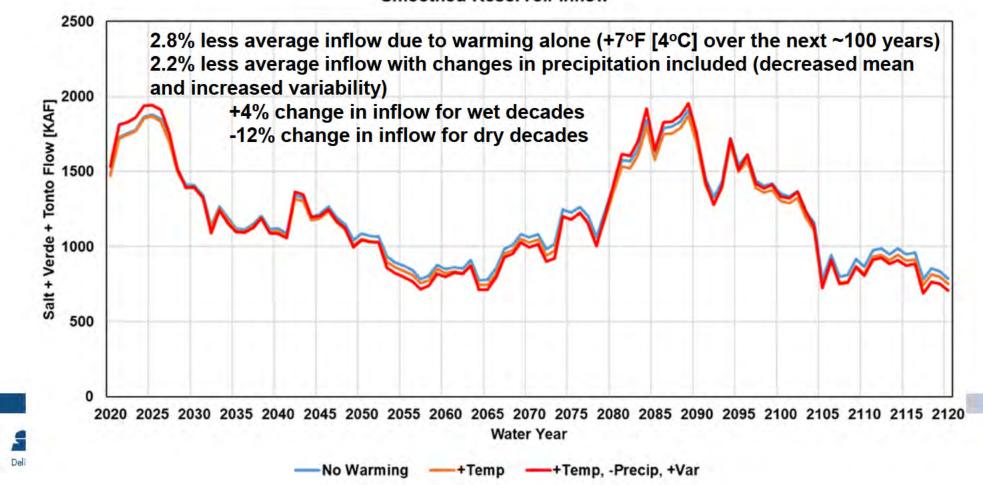






Climate Change Impacts on Streamflow

Smoothed Reservoir Inflow

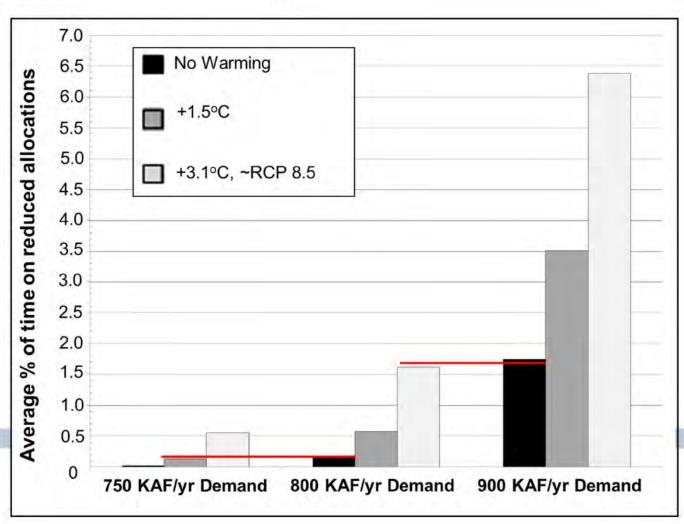


Warming Impacts on Storage

Time on reduced allocation (storage below 600 KAF) increases with demand and warming

A reduction from 900 KAF/yr to 800 KAF/yr demand approximately offsets 3.1°C of warming.

A reduction from 800 KAF/yr to 750 KAF/yr demand approximately offsets 1.5°C of warming.



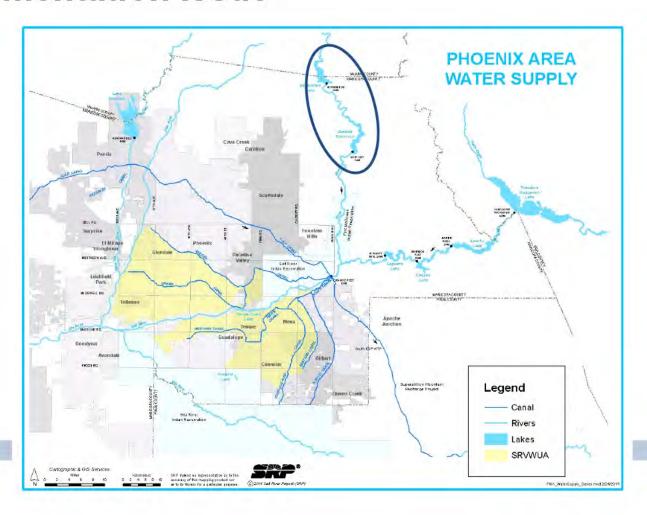




Water System Projects

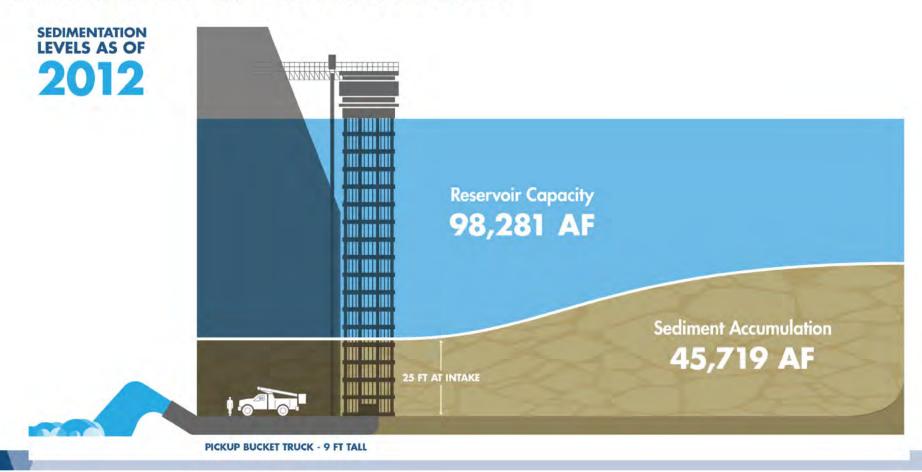


Verde Sedimentation Issue





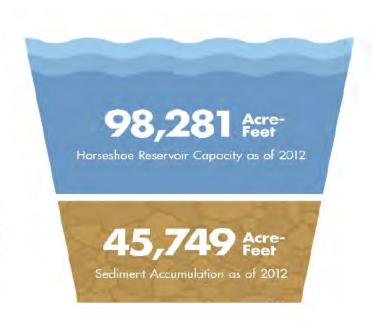
Sedimentation at Horseshoe Dam





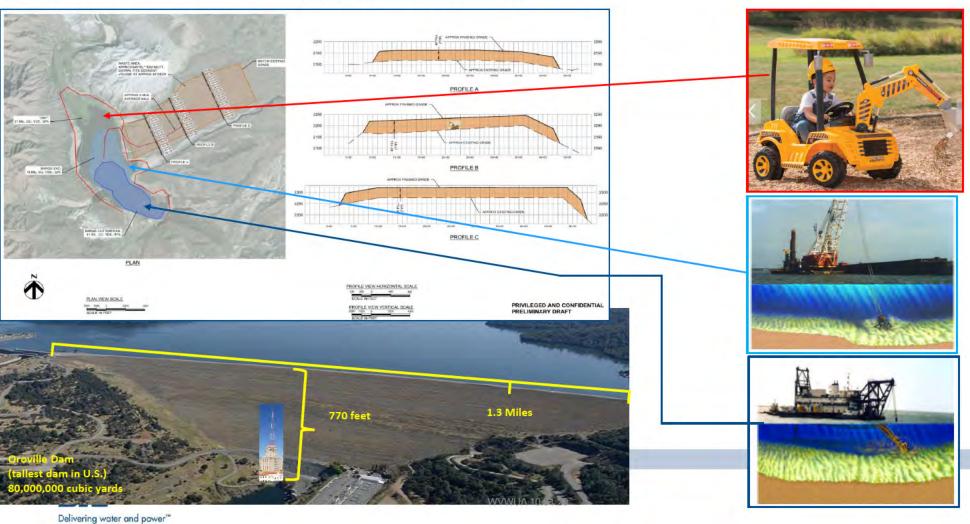
Options Evaluated for Mitigating Sediment Accumulation

- Sluicing
- Mechanical Removal/Dredging
- New Surface Water Storage Facilities
- Modification of Existing Surface Water Storage Facilities



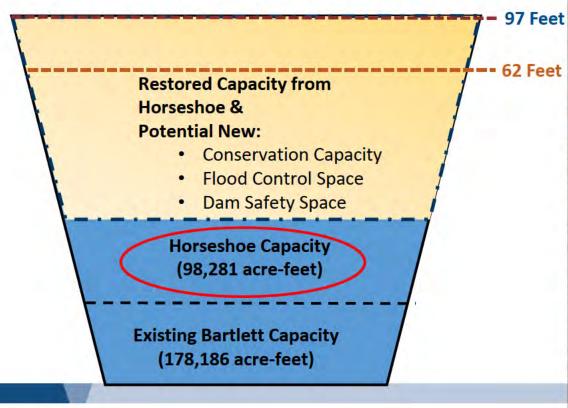


Horseshoe Dredging Challenges

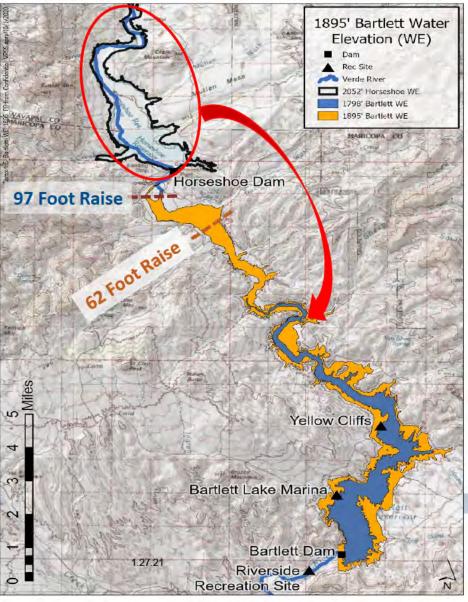


Bartlett Modification Options

Option 1: Increase dam height=97 Feet, 628,000 Acre-Foot Reservoir **Option 2:** Increase dam height=62 Feet, 422,000 Acre-Foot Reservoir







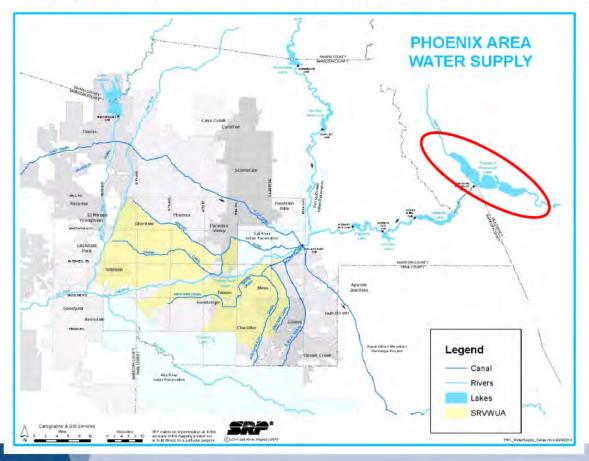
Dam Safety Modifications to Roosevelt Dam (1996)

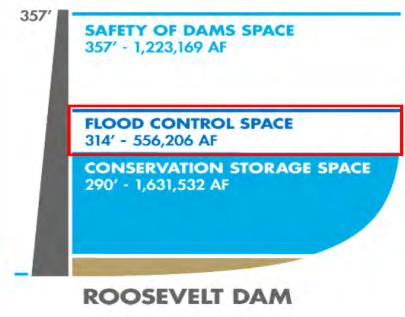






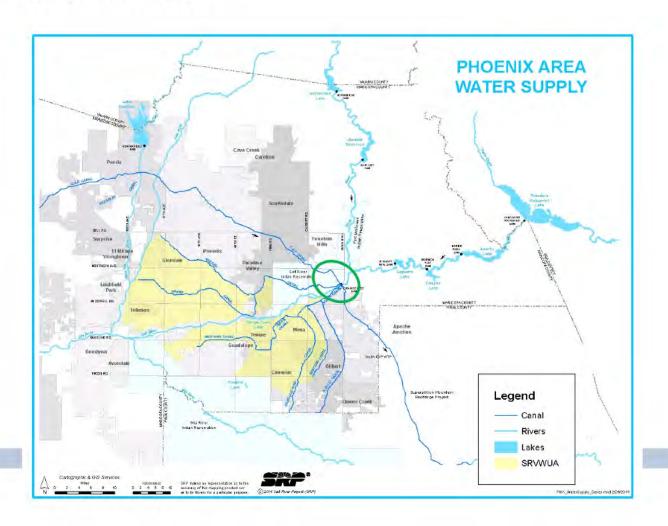
Use of Roosevelt Dam Flood Control Space







Interconnection to CAP





SRP-CAP Interconnection Facility ("SCIF")





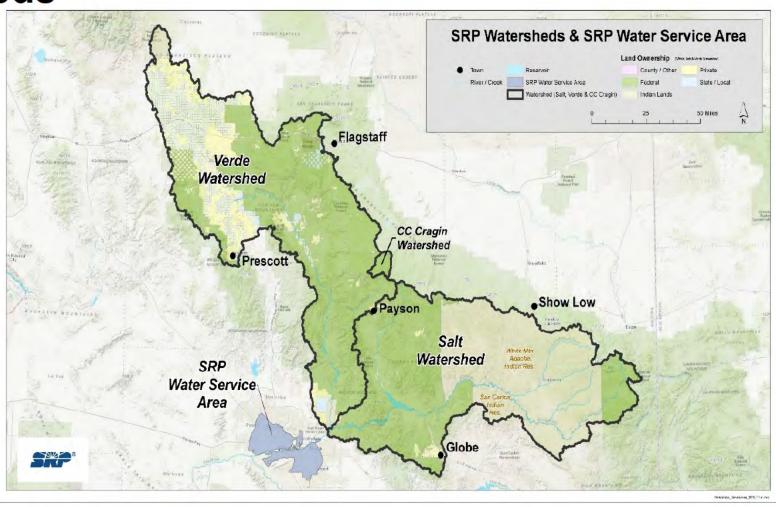


Watershed Health

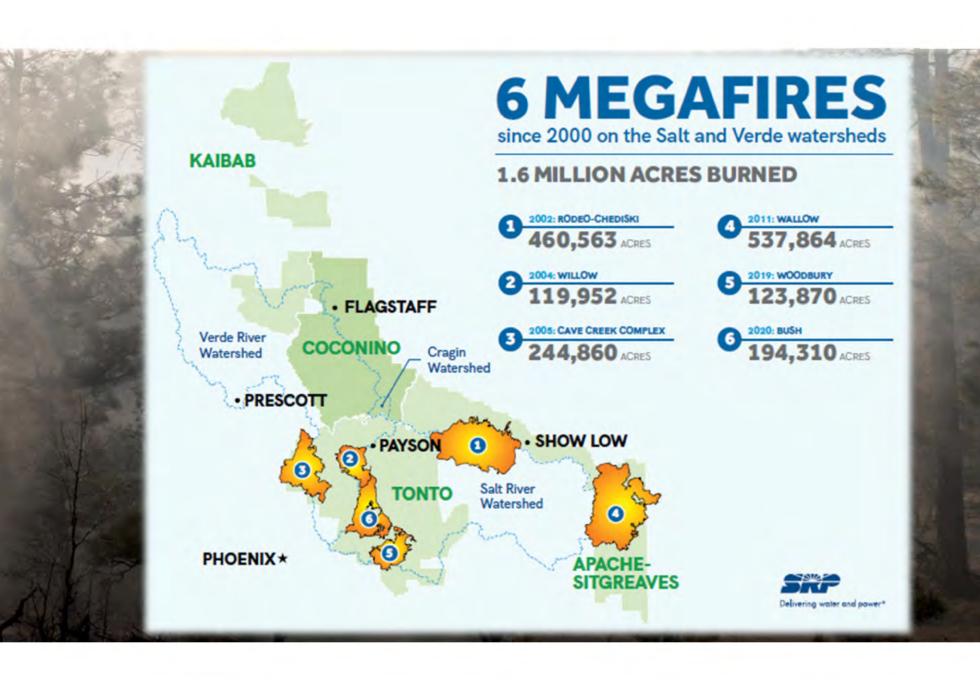


SRP Watersheds









Consequences of Wildfire and Flooding

Reservoir Capacity Loss



Water Quality Degradation











Forest Restoration Benefits

- Reduces risk of uncharacteristic wildfire
- Restores natural fire regime
- Protects rural communities and economies
- Supports forest products industry and increases rural jobs
- Protects of water infrastructure, water quality and water storage
- Increases forest resiliency to climate change, drought and insect infestation
- Increases carbon sequestration and reduces air pollutants
- Protects wildlife and habitat
- Enhances recreation and tourism







SRP's Forest Restoration Policy and Industry Efforts

- Four Forest Restoration Initiative Request for Proposals (RFP)
 - Jointly developed with SRP, Forest Service, Bureau of Reclamation, State of Arizona
 - Largest single RFP in U.S.: 605,000 818,00 acres
 - First 20-year stewardship contract
- Healthy Forest Initiative
- Forest Restoration Policy Changes
- Watershed/ Forest Health Research











Thank you! Questions?



